**FINANCIAL REPORT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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# FINANCIAL SECTION



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Flovilla, Georgia Flovilla, Georgia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the **City of Flovilla, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"); this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City as of December 31, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Sanitation Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") (on pages 4 through 10) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia ("O.C.G.A.") Section 48-8-121, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 6, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia May 6, 2021

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2019

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the City of Flovilla's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The intent of this MD&A is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the Statement of Net Position, the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,649,164. Unrestricted net position was approximately \$482,245.
- The City's total net position decreased by \$82,513 for governmental activities and increased by \$411,072 for business-type activities.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - Net investment in capital assets of \$1,769,017 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
  - Net position restricted for capital projects, program purposes, and debt service in the amount of \$397,902.
  - Unrestricted net position of \$482,245.
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$689,309. This represents an increase of \$174,176 from prior year's balance of \$515,133.
- Unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$309,429 as of December 31, 2020.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of two parts – *Financial Section* (which includes the MD&A, the financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplementary information) and the *Compliance Section*.

#### **Financial Statements**

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements. The City's financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the differences between these items reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) businesstype activities. The governmental activities include the governing body, financial administration, municipal court, fire department, roads and streets, and sanitation. Taxes, business licenses, building permits, and state and federal grant revenues finance most of these activities. The business-type activities is the City's water operation for which it charges its customers to provide. The government-wide financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like all other governmental entities in Georgia, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as the general statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow (in and out), and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between *governmental activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and *governmental funds* is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Sanitation Fund, SPLOST Fund, and CDBG Fund. The governmental fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

<u>Proprietary Fund</u> – The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that: a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Proprietary funds are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The City's enterprise fund, a component of proprietary funds, is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but they give more detailed information such as cash flow.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

**Other Information** – In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found as listed in the table of contents.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table provides a summary of the City's net position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019:

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	vpe A	ctivities		otal		
		2020		2019	_	2020		2019	_	2020		2019
Assets:												
Current and other assets	\$	700,354	\$	649,242	\$	250,759	\$	296,795	\$	951,113	\$	946,037
Capital assets, net		664,438		694,443		1,406,805		956,550		2,071,243		1,650,993
Total assets		1,364,792		1,343,685	_	1,657,564		1,253,345		3,022,356		2,597,030
Liabilities:												
Current liabilities		11,076		134,109		76,645		71,000		87,721		205,109
Long-term liabilities		-		-		285,503		298,000		285,503		298,000
Total liabilities		11,076		134,109	_	362,148		369,000		373,224		503,109
Net Position:												
Net investment in capital assets		664,438		694,443		1,104,580		642,313		1,769,018		1,336,756
Restricted				,				17.999				
		379,849		362,001		18,022		,		397,871		380,000
	<u> </u>	309,429	<u> </u>	153,132	-	172,814	<u> </u>	224,033	*	482,243	<u>_</u>	377,165
Total net position	\$	1,353,716	\$	1,209,576	\$	1,295,416	\$	884,345	\$	2,649,132	\$	2,093,921

The City's total assets of \$3,022,386 increased approximately \$425,000 from the prior year, while the City's total liabilities decreased approximately \$130,000.

At the end of the current and prior fiscal year, the City was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

		Governmen	tal A	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		Т	otal	
		2020		2019	_	2020		2019	_	2020		2019
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	99,537	\$	111,768	\$	236,227	\$	237,731	\$	335,764	\$	349,499
Capital grants		531,486		347,610		-		15,149		531,486		362,759
General revenues:												
Taxes		342,447		310,067		-		-		342,447		310,067
Interest and investment income		79		83		37		45		116		128
Other general revenues		34,813		33,198		-		-		34,813		33,198
Total revenues		1,008,362		802,726		236,264		252,925		1,244,626		1,055,651
Expenses:												
Governing body		49,610		(69,465)		-		-		49,610		(69,465)
Financial administration		177,451		319,153		-		-		177,451		319,153
Municipal court		77		3,372		-		-		77		3,372
Fire department		70,023		75,010		-		-		70,023		75,010
Roads and streets		44,925		35,111		-		-		44,925		35,111
Sanitation		52,186		46,720		-		-		52,186		46,720
Interest on long-term debt		-		547		-		-		-		547
Water supply		-		-		295,143		262,200		295,143	_	262,200
Total expenses		394,272		410,448		295,143		262,200		689,415		672,648
Increase (decrease) in net position	ı											
before transfers		614,090		392,278		(58,879)		(9,275)		555,211		383,003
Transfers		(469,950)		(339,127)		469,950		339,127		-		-
Change in net position		144,140		53,151		411,071		329,852		555,211		383,003
Net position, beginning of year		1,209,576		1,156,425		884,345		554,493		2,093,921		1,710,918
Net position, end of year	\$	1,353,716	\$	1,209,576	\$	1,295,416	\$	884,345	\$	2,649,132	\$	2,093,921

The following table shows the changes in the City's net position for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

**Governmental Activities** – Revenues exceeded expenses by approximately \$144,000 in 2020 for its governmental activities. Revenues increased over the prior year by approximately \$206,000 (26%) to approximately \$1,008,000, due primarily to an increase in grants and taxes. Expenses decreased by approximately \$6,000 (2%) to approximately \$404,000 from the prior year. Overall, governmental activities operations increased the City's net position by approximately \$144,000 in 2020.

**Business-type Activities** – Revenues exceeded expenses by approximately \$411,000 in 2020 for the business-type activities. Revenues decreased by approximately \$6,500 (3%) to approximately \$246,000 from the prior year primarily due to less grant revenue. Expenses increased by approximately \$33,000 (13%) to approximately \$295,000. In addition, the governmental activities transferred approximately \$460,000 to business-type activities. Overall, business-type activities increased the City's net position by approximately \$411,000.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

**Governmental Funds** – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$689,309, an increase of approximately \$174,000 (34%) from the prior year fund balance. The increase in fund balance was the result of revenues of approximately \$1,008,000 exceeding expenses of approximately \$841,000. The changes in revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses are explained in further detail below.

Approximately \$309,000 (45%) of the total governmental fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is restricted for capital projects (\$299,000) and restricted for program purposes (\$81,000).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance was approximately \$309,000. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total unassigned fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Total unassigned fund balance of the General Fund of approximately \$309,000 represents approximately 111% of total General Fund expenditures. Highlights for the General Fund were as follows:

- Total fund balance increased by approximately \$156,000 (102%) due to revenues of approximately \$428,000 exceeding expenditures of approximately \$279,000.
- General Fund revenues increased approximately \$25,000, while expenditures decreased approximately \$168,000.

In addition, the fund balances of the Sanitation Fund and SPLOST Fund increased approximately \$6,000 and \$11,000, respectively.

**Proprietary Funds** – The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Net position of the Water Supply Fund at the end of the year was approximately \$1,295,000. This was an increase of approximately \$411,000 (46%) from the prior year. Details of the activity in the Water Supply Fund are provided under Business-type Activities on the previous page.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The City's budget is prepared according to Georgia law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted funds are the General Fund and the Sanitation Fund. There were no significant budget amendments made during 2019.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets** – The City's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, amounted to approximately \$2,071,000 and \$1,651,000 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, park improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and water systems.

The City's capital assets (net of depreciation) as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	 Governmen	tal Ao	ctivities		Business-ty	vpe A	ctivities	 Тс	otal		
	 2020		2019	_	2020		2019	 2020		2019	
Land	\$ 70,657	\$	70,657	\$	310,669	\$	310,669	\$ 381,326	\$	381,326	
Construction in progress	-		-		-		477,053	-		477,053	
Equipment and buildings	506,139		530,602		8,247		1	514,386		530,603	
Infrastructure	87,642		93,184		1,087,889		168,827	1,175,531		262,011	
Total	\$ 664,438	\$	694,443	\$	1,406,805	\$	956,550	\$ 2,071,243	\$	1,650,993	

The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately \$420,000 or 25%. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Capital asset additions of approximately \$503,000, which consisted primarily of water system lines and equipment.
- Depreciation expense of approximately \$56,000 for governmental activities and approximately \$27,000 for business-type activities.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the City had total outstanding debt of approximately \$302,000 and \$314,000, respectively. The City's total debt as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	Gov	vernmen	tal Activ	/ities	 Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total				
	20	20	2	019	 2020		2019		2020		2019	
Notes payable Revenue bonds payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - 302,225	\$	- 314,237	\$	- 302,225	\$	- 314,237	
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 302,225	\$	314,237	\$	302,225	\$	314,237	

Additional information regarding the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 5 in the notes to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING THE CITY

The U.S. Census Bureau estimates a current population growth rate of 0.7% for Butts County. While the City of Flovilla has not experienced any significant growth within the City limits, officials expect the growth in the County to spill over into the City limits within the next five years.

#### **REQUESTS FOR TOWN INFORMATION**

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitments to public accountability. If you have any questions regarding this report, or you need additional financial information, please contact the City's mayor by writing to 308 Heard Street, Flovilla, Georgia 30216.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	 Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 661,537	\$ 183,288	\$ 844,825
Taxes receivable	27,723	-	27,723
Accounts receivable, net	11,094	6,978	18,072
Restricted assets, cash	-	60,493	60,493
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	70,657	310,669	381,326
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	 593,781	 1,096,136	 1,689,917
Total assets	 1,364,792	 1,657,564	 3,022,356
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	11,076	10,312	21,388
Customer deposits	-	42,471	42,471
Accrued interest	-	7,140	7,140
Revenue bonds payable due within one year	-	8,280	8,280
Revenue bonds payable due in more than one year	-	115,820	115,820
Note payable due within one year	-	8,442	8,442
Note payable due in more than one year	-	169,683	169,683
Total liabilities	11,076	 362,148	 373,224
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	664,438	1,104,580	1,769,018
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	299,177	-	299,177
Program purposes	80,672	-	80,672
Debt service	-	18,022	18,022
Unrestricted	 309,429	 172,814	 482,243
Total net position	\$ 1,353,716	\$ 1,295,416	\$ 2,649,132

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

					Program	n Revenue	s		Net (Expenses)	Reve	enues and Change	s in N	et Position
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		arges for Services	Ope Grai	erating nts and ibutions	( Gr	Capital ants and tributions	 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Primary government													
Governmental activities:													
Governing body	\$	49,610	\$	40,961	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (8,649)	\$	-	\$	(8,649)
Financial administration		177,451		-		-		-	(177,451)		-		(177,451)
Municipal court		77		-		-		10,000	9,923		-		9,923
Fire department		70,023		-		-		-	(70,023)		-		(70,023)
Roads and streets		44,925		-		-		521,486	476,561		-		476,561
Sanitation		52,186		58,576		-		-	6,390		-		6,390
Total governmental activities		394,272		99,537		-		531,486	 236,751		-		236,751
Business-type activities:													
Water supply		295,143		236,227		-		-	-		(58,916)		(58,916)
Total business-type activities		295,143		236,227		-		-	 -		(58,916)		(58,916)
Total primary government	\$	689,415	\$	335,764	\$	-	\$	531,486	 236,751		(58,916)		177,835
	Gen	eral revenue:	s:										
		ocal option sa		ĸ					278,489		-		278,489
		Icoholic beve							9,619		-		9,619
		surance prer	-						52,294		-		52,294
		ther taxes							2,045		-		2,045
	-	ranchise fees	5						34,813		-		34,813
	U	nrestricted in	vestm	ent earnings					79		37		116
		sfers		J-					(469,950)		469,950		-
		Total genera	al reve	nues and tra	ansfers				 (92,611)		469,987		377,376
		Change i							 144,140		411,071		555,211
	Net	position, beg							1,209,576		884,345		2,093,921
		position, end	•	•					\$ 1,353,716	\$	1,295,416	\$	2,649,132

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		General Fund	Sa	anitation Fund	:	SPLOST Fund		CDBG Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS	•		<b>^</b>		•	000 470	•		•	004 507
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	288,579	\$	73,781	\$	299,173	\$	4	\$	661,537
Taxes		27,723		-		-		-		27,723
Accounts		-		11,094		-		-		11,094
Total assets	\$	316,302	\$	84,875	\$	299,173	\$	4	\$	700,354
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	6,873	\$	4,203	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,076
Total liabilities	_	6,873		4,203		-		-		11,076
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Capital projects		-		-		299,173		4		299,177
Program purposes		-		80,672		-		-		80,672
Unassigned		309,429		-		-		-		309,429
Total fund balances	_	309,429		80,672		299,173		4		689,278
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	316,302	\$	84,875	\$	299,173	\$	4	\$	700,354

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 689,278
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 664,438
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,353,716

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

_	General Fund	Sanitation Fund	SPLOST Fund	CDBG Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	¢ 070.400	<b>¢</b>	¢	¢	¢ 070.400
Sales taxes	\$ 278,489	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 278,489
Alcoholic beverage taxes	9,619	-	-	-	9,619
Insurance premium taxes	52,294	-	-	-	52,294
Other taxes	2,045	-	-	-	2,045
Franchise fees	34,813	-	-	-	34,813
Licenses and permits	2,913	-	-	-	2,913
Intergovernmental	10,000	-	137,338	381,022	528,360
Sanitation fees	-	58,576	-	-	58,576
Cemetery	9,225	-	-	-	9,225
Interest revenue	79	-	3,126	-	3,205
Other revenues	28,823	-	-	-	28,823
Total revenues	428,300	58,576	140,464	381,022	1,008,362
Expenditures Current:					
Governing body	42,925	-	-	-	42,925
Financial administration	150,298	-	_	-	150,298
Municipal court	77	-	_	-	77
Fire department	56,613	_	_	-	56,613
Roads and streets	29,090	_	_	-	29,090
Sanitation	20,000	52,186	_	_	52,186
Capital outlay	_	52,100	128,976	381,052	510,028
Total expenditures	279,003	52,186	128,976	381,052	841,217
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	210,000	02,100	120,010	001,002	011,211
(under) expenditures	149,297	6,390	11,488	(30)	167,145
· · · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>,                                 </u>
Other financing sources					
Transfers in	7,000	-	-	-	7,000
Total other financing sources	7,000	-	-	-	7,000
Net change in fund balances	156,297	6,390	11,488	(30)	174,145
Fund balances - beginning of year	153,132	74,282	287,685	34	515,133
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 309,429	\$ 80,672	\$ 299,173	\$ 4	\$ 689,278

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.	\$ 174,145
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (not including transfers to other funds) exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	 (30,005)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 144,140

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
REVENUES Sales taxes Alcoholic beverage taxes Insurance premium taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 185,883 11,008 49,716 2,500 10,500	\$ 185,883 11,008 49,716 2,500 10,500	\$    278,489 9,619 52,294 2,045 10,000	\$ 92,606 (1,389) 2,578 (455) (500)	
Franchise fees Licenses and permits Cemetery Interest revenue Other revenues	28,104 2,300 1,650 30 27,500	28,104 2,300 1,650 30 27,500	34,813 2,913 9,225 79 28,823	6,709 613 7,575 49 1,323	
Total revenues	319,191	319,191	428,300	109,109	
EXPENDITURES Governing body: Personal services/employee benefits Purchased/contracted services	41,350 2,127	41,350 2,127	41,216 1,709	134 418	
Total governing body	43,477	43,477	42,925	552	
0 0 7			12,020		
Financial administration: Personal services/employee benefits Purchased/contracted services Supplies Total financial administration	53,861 70,722 47,672 172,255	53,786 70,797 47,672 172,255	51,248 61,748 37,302 150,298	2,538 9,049 10,370 21,957	
Court:					
Supplies Total court	100 100	100 100	77 77	23 23	
Fire department: Personal services/employee benefits Purchased/contracted services Supplies Total fire department	9,300 54,553 5,752 69,605	9,300 56,053 4,252 69,605	9,563 41,704 5,346 56,613	(263) 14,349 (1,094) 12,992	
Roads and streets:					
Personal services/employee benefits Purchased/contracted services Total roads and streets	18,600 15,154 33,754	18,600 15,154 33,754	16,249 12,841 29,090	2,351 2,313 4,664	
Tatal avpanditures	210 101	319,191	270.002	10 199	
Total expenditures	319,191	519,191	279,003	40,188	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<u> </u>	149,297	(149,297)	
Other financing sources Transfers in	-	-	7,000	(7,000)	
Total other financing sources	-	-	7,000	(7,000)	
Net change in fund balances	-		156,297	(156,297)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	153,132	153,132	153,132	-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 153,132	\$ 153,132	\$ 309,429	\$ (156,297)	

#### SANITATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Sanitation fees	\$ 4	45,633	\$	45,633	\$	58,576	\$	12,943
Total revenues	4	15,633		45,633		58,576		12,943
EXPENDITURES Purchased/contracted services Total expenditures		19,266 19,266		49,266 49,266		52,186 52,186		(2,920) (2,920)
Net change in fund balances		(3,633)		(3,633)		6,390		10,023
Fund balances, beginning of year		74,282		74,282		74,282		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	70,649	\$	70,649	\$	80,672	\$	10,023

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	Water Supply Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 183,288
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	¢ 105,200 6,978
Restricted cash	60,493
Total current assets	250,759
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	310,669
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,341,165	1,096,136
Total non-current assets	1,406,805
Total assets	\$ 1,657,564
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 10,312
Accrued interest	7,140
Customer deposits	42,471
Revenue bonds payable	8,280
Notes payable	8,442
Total current liabilities	76,645
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Revenue bonds payable	115,820
Notes payable	169,683
Total non-current liabilities	285,503
Total liabilities	\$ 362,148
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,104,580
Restricted for debt service	18,022
Unrestricted	172,814
Total net position	\$ 1,295,416

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		er Supply Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	222,231
Connection fees	Ψ	1,870
Penalties and late fees		3,548
Miscellaneous		8,578
Total operating revenues		236,227
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel services and benefits		95,157
Water purchase		270
Purchase/contracted services		122,976
Supplies		20,700
Depreciation		26,695
Other expenses		28,541
Total operating expenses		294,339
Operating loss		(58,112)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest income		37
Interest expense		(804)
Total non-operating income, net		(767)
Loss before capital contributions and transfers		(58,879)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		476,950
TRANSFERS		
Transfer out		(7,000)
Change in net position		411,071
Net position - beginning of year		884,345
Net position - ending of year	\$	1,295,416

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Net cash used in operating activities	Water Supply Fund \$ 238,302 (263,849) (25,547)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(7,000) (7,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal paid on bonds Principal paid on notes payable Interest paid Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(4,193) (7,819) (1,254) (13,266)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net cash provided by investing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	<u>37</u> <u>37</u> (45,776)
Cash and cash equivalents	
Beginning of year	289,557
End of year	\$ 243,781
Classified as: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 183,288 60,493 \$ 243,781

#### (Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Wa	ter Supply Fund
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities	•	(=== ( ( = )
Operating loss	\$	(58,112)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net		
cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		26,695
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		260
Increase in accounts payable		3,795
Increase in customer deposits		1,815
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(25,547)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities		
Transfer of capital assets from other funds	\$	476,950
Net noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	476,950

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Flovilla, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The City of Flovilla was chartered by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia. The City operates under a mayor-council form of government and provides general and administrative services, highways and streets, parks and recreation, sanitation, water services, and fire protection and police services through shared responsibility with Butts County, Georgia. As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include the accounts of all City operations and all activities of the City.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASB No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, GASB No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, and GASB No. 90, Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, the City was determined to have no component units as of December 31, 2020.

## B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Sanitation Fund** accounts for monies collected from the City's citizens for garbage pickup within the City and remitted to the private entity providing this service.

The **SPLOST Fund** is used to account for monies received from Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes and spent on projects approved by the SPLOST referendum.

The *CDBG Fund* is used to account for proceeds and expenditures of the Community Development Block Grant receivable from the Georgia Department of Community Affairs.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *Water Supply Fund* accounts for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services provided. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for the General Fund, Sanitation Fund, SPLOST Fund, and CDBG Fund. An enterprise fund budget is prepared and utilized as a management tool to access the operations of the Water Supply Fund. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year through passage of an annual budget resolution and amended as required for the General Fund, Sanitation Fund, and Water Supply Fund. A project length budget is adopted for the SPLOST Fund and the CDBG Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

The City code provides for the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

The City's annual budget is prepared based on anticipated revenues and appropriated expenditures. The responsibility of budgeting is with the City Council and Mayor. Budgetary discussions are held in October or November. The budget is presented in December of each fiscal year. The City Council is responsible for the adoption and approval of each fiscal year's budget. The City Council must approve all budget revisions or changes. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The budget is adopted at the department level.

## E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Investments with original maturities of three months or less meet this definition.

## F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

All trade and tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. Unbilled water charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at December 31, 2020.

## G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### H. Restricted Assets

The Water Supply Fund, based on certain bond covenants, are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Customer deposits that must be refunded upon the termination of service are also restricted.

#### I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. In accordance with GASB 34, the City has elected not to include infrastructure acquired prior to January 1, 2004.

Major outlays for capital assets and major improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction period of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred (from the date of borrowing until the date of completion of the project) with interest earned on investment proceeds over the same period. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, no amounts were capitalized.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	30 – 40
Water system and lines	30 - 40
Machinery and equipment	7 – 10
Vehicles	5 – 10
Infrastructure	40 – 50
Recreational Facilities	10 – 20

## J. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred charges, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, which is not materially different than the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## K. Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. At December 31, 2020, the amount outstanding for accumulated unpaid vacation was immaterial to the financial statements and was not recorded.

## L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any deferred outflows of resources at December 31, 2020.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City does not have any deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2020.

#### M. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

**Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed** Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- **Assigned** Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has not authorized anyone to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

*Flow Assumptions* – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unrestricted.

## M. Fund Equity (Continued)

**Net Position** – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

#### N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### O. Tax Abatement Agreements

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This statement requires the City to disclose information for any tax abatement agreements either entered into by the City, or agreements entered into by other governments that reduce the City's tax revenues. As of December 31, 2020, the City did not have any such agreements, either entered into by the City or by other governments that exceeded the quantitative threshold for disclosure.

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

As reported in the Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 844,825
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	60,493
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 905,318

**Credit risk.** State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

## NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2020, the City had no investments.

**Interest rate risk.** The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits.** Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2020, all of the City's bank balances were covered by either federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Investments.** Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

#### NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES

A local option sales tax is in force. Proceeds for this tax are remitted to the City monthly and are utilized to give property owners tax relief. As a result of the local option sales tax, no property taxes were levied for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The net receivables collected during the year ended December 31, 2020, and expected to be collected by February 28, 2021, are recognized as revenues in the year ended December 31, 2020. Net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to February 28, 2021 are recorded as revenue when received.

	General Fund		Sa	Sanitation Fund		Water Supply Fund		Total
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$	27,723	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,723
Accounts		-		11,094		36,834		47,928
Gross receivables		27,723		11,094		36,834		75,651
Less: allowance for								
uncollectibles		-		-		(29,856)		(29,856)
Net total receivables	\$	27,723	\$	11,094	\$	6,978	\$	45,795

Receivables consisted of the following at December 31, 2020:

## NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 70,657	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,657
Construction in progress		476,950	-	(476,950)	
Total	70,657	476,950		(476,950)	70,657
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	912,481	-	-	-	912,481
Improvements other than buildings	18,821	-	-	-	18,821
Infrastructure	110,843	-	-	-	110,843
Machinery and equipment	284,880	-	-	-	284,880
Recreation facilities	26,719	-	-	-	26,719
Vehicles	535,793	26,393	-	-	562,186
Total	1,889,537	26,393	-	-	1,915,930
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(473,923)	(27,166)	-	-	(501,089)
Improvements other than buildings	(7,812)	(1,636)	-	-	(9,448)
Infrastructure	(17,659)	(5,542)	-	-	(23,201)
Machinery and equipment	(219,098)	(17,068)	-	-	(236,166)
Recreation facilities	(11,468)	(147)	-	-	(11,615)
Vehicles	(535,791)	(4,839)	-	-	(540,630)
Total	(1,265,751)	(56,398)		-	(1,322,149)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	623,786	(30,005)			593,781
Total capital assets, net	\$ 694,443	\$ 446,945	\$-	\$ (476,950)	\$ 664,438

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Financial administration	\$ 27,153
Fire department	13,410
Roads and streets	15,835
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 56,398

## NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 310,669	\$	\$-	\$-	\$ 310,669
Construction in progress	477,053			(477,053)	
Total	787,722			(477,053)	310,669
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Water system and lines	1,339,145	-	-	943,905	2,283,050
Machinery and equipment	118,237	-	-	-	118,237
Vehicles and related equipment	25,918	-		10,098	36,016
Total	1,483,300			954,003	2,437,303
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Water system and lines	(1,170,318)	(24,843)	-	-	(1,195,161)
Machinery and equipment	(118,236)	-	-	-	(118,236)
Vehicles and related equipment	(25,918)	(1,852)	-	-	(27,770)
Total	(1,314,472)	(26,695)			(1,341,167)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	168,828	(26,695)		954,003	1,096,136
Total capital assets, net	\$ 956,550	\$ (26,695)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 476,950	\$ 1,406,805

## NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

## **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		• •		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		e Within ne Year
Business-type activities											
Revenue bonds payable	\$	131,919	\$		-	\$	(7,819)	\$	124,100	\$	8,280
Note payable		182,318			-		(4,193)		178,125		8,442
Total business-type activities		314,237			-		(12,012)		302,225		16,722
Total	\$	314,237	\$		-	\$	(12,012)	\$	302,225	\$	16,722

## NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### Water Supply Long-Term Debt

In 1991, the City issued a series of water revenue bonds in the amount of \$236,700, which have an interest rate of 6%. Bond interest for the year ended December 31, 2020, amounted to \$7,590. The bonds are payable in annual installments of approximately \$15,730 through January 2031. The bonds were issued to finance water system improvements.

According to the regulations of the bond ordinance, the City is to maintain a sinking fund and reserve fund for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on the bonds as they mature. The balance in these funds as of December 31, 2020, amount to \$15,007. In addition, the City is to establish fees and rates sufficient to produce net revenues of at least equal to 1.2 times the amount required in any sinking fund year to pay principal and interest on outstanding revenue bonds. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Water Supply Fund produced a sufficient amount of net revenue to meet the 1.2 times requirement. Annual repayment requirements under the revenue bond agreements in the Water Supply Fund are as follows:

	F	Principal		nterest	Total			
	•		•		•			
2021	\$	8,280	\$	6,949	\$	15,229		
2022		8,780		6,422		15,202		
2023		9,310		5,864		15,174		
2024		9,870		5,272		15,142		
2025		10,460		4,644		15,104		
2026 – 2030		62,500		12,406		74,906		
2031		14,900		-		14,900		
	\$	124,100	\$	41,557	\$	165,657		

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### Water Supply Long-Term Debt (Continued)

In 2018, the City entered into a contract with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority for a Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund grant/loan in the amount of \$183,015, which has an interest rate of 0.89%. Interest for the year ended December 31, 2020, amounted to \$804. The note is payable in monthly installments of \$834 through September 2039. The notes were taken out to provide financing for an automatic meter reading system which will replaced the manual read water meters. Annual repayment requirements under for the note in the Water Supply Fund are as follows:

		Principal		Interest	Total			
2021	\$	8,442	\$	1,551	\$	9,993		
2022	Ψ	8,517	Ψ	175	Ψ	8,692		
2023		8,593		1,399		9,992		
2024		8,670		1,323		9,993		
2025		8,748		1,245		9,993		
2026 – 2030		44,924		5,039		49,963		
2031 – 2035		46,968		2,995		49,963		
2036 – 2039		43,263		872		44,135		
	\$	178,125	\$	14,599	\$	192,724		

#### NOTE 6. BUDGET COMPLIANCE

The Sanitation Fund had actual expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2020 as follows:

	 Budget		Actual	Variance		
Sanitation Fund:						
Financial administration	\$ 49,266	\$	52,186	\$	(2,920)	

These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues.

## NOTE 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to: torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency ("GIRMA") for property and liability insurance and the Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Fund ("WCSIF"), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. The Georgia Municipal Association ("GMA") administers both risk pools.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agent and attorney to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds. The City pays an annual premium to GIRMA for its general insurance and has coverage of \$1,000,000 for the risks discussed above, except for buildings, which are covered at 100% of the value of the City's holdings. The City's coverage for worker's compensation claims is statutory.

The funds are to defend and protect members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member governments' contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The funds are to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

#### NOTE 8. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the bordering area, is a member of the Three Rivers Regional Commission ("RC"). Membership in this organization is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. O.C.G.A. Section 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the RC. A copy of the RC audit can be obtained by contacting them directly.

## NOTE 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Litigation

The City is involved in various claims and matters of litigation resulting from normal operations. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

## **Grant Contingencies**

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

## NOTE 10. INTERFUND BALANCES

During the year ended December 31, 2020 the City transferred \$466,852 of capital assets purchased with governmental funds to the Water Supply Fund during the year. The Water Supply Fund transferred \$7,000 to the General Fund during the year. Net transfers for the year amounted to \$459,852.

## NOTE 11. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City has a defined contribution 401(a) retirement plan and a 457(b) deferred compensation plan. The plans are administrated by the Georgia Municipal Association. Eligible employees are defined by the plans adoption agreements. Participation in the 401(a) plan requires employees to be vested with the City five years. The City makes contributions to the 401(a) plan that match employee's contributions to the 457(b) plan up to 3% of each employee's total salary.

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020, the City's contributions to the 401(a) plan were \$4,505 and the amount contributed by employees to the 457(b) plan was \$7,305.

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS – 2012 ISSUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Estimated Cost			Expenditures					
Project			Prior Years	(	Current Year	Cı	umulative Total			
Community center	\$	175,000	\$	175,000	\$	18,883	\$	-	\$	18,883
Water system		100,000		100,000		74,551		6,576		81,127
Fire department		35,000		35,000		106,390		-		106,390
Fire station expansion		122,895		122,895		126,979		-		126,979
Streets		80,000		80,000		112,263		-		112,263
Cemetery		25,000		25,000		18,102		-		18,102
Total	\$	537,895	\$	537,895	\$	457,168	\$	6,576	\$	463,744

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS – 2019 ISSUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Estimated Cost			Expenditures						
Project		Original Revised			Prior Years		Current Year	C	umulative Total	
Water system Facilities/public safety CIP Public works infrastructure/vehicles Cemetery Total	\$	1,200,000 300,000 100,000 50,000 1,650,000	\$	1,200,000 300,000 100,000 50,000 1,650,000	\$	35,543 7,710 - - 43.253	\$	104,154 18,246 - - 122,400	\$	139,697 25,956 - - 165,653

# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Flovilla, Georgia Flovilla, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Flovilla, Georgia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 6, 2021.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2019-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### City of Flovilla, Georgia's Response to Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia May 6, 2021

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULT

<i>Financial Statements</i> Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	<u>X</u> Yes <u>No</u>
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No

#### Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal award programs for the year ended December 31, 2020 due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

#### 2020-001. Segregation of Duties

**Criteria:** Internal controls should be in place which provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without such actions being detected during the normal course of business.

**Condition:** There is not appropriate segregation of duties among recording, distribution, and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in the various funds possessed by the City.

Context: Several instances of overlapping duties were noted during interviews regarding internal control procedures.

**Effect:** Failure to properly segregate duties among recording, distribution, and reconciliation of accounts can lead to misappropriation of funds that is not detected during the normal course of business.

**Cause:** The lack of segregation of duties is due to the lack of a properly developed integrated work plan with appropriate controls and an improper allocation of available resources. In addition, in certain circumstances there are a limited number of trained individuals in each office available to perform all of the duties.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the duties of recording, distributing, and reconciling of accounts be segregated among employees.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:** We concur. The City is in the process of reviewing their respective systems and processes to evaluate and determine the most efficient and effective solution to properly segregate duties among all City functions to provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without being detected during the normal course of business.

## SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Not Applicable.

## STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

#### 2019-001. Segregation of Duties

**Criteria:** Internal controls should be in place which provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without such actions being detected during the normal course of business.

**Condition:** There is not appropriate segregation of duties among recording, distribution, and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in the various funds possessed by the City.

**Context:** Several instances of overlapping duties were noted during interviews regarding internal control procedures.

Status: Unresolved. See current year finding 2020-001.